

ROGER GLENN A FLUTE AND VIBES LIFER BY MARILYN LESTER

To identify polymath Roger Glenn as a vibraphonist or flautist alone would be only a fraction correct. He's proficient on 18 instruments, plus he composes and sings. Also a licensed pilot who volunteers with the Civil Air Patrol, Glenn recently added to his CV a new leader album, *My Latin Heart* (Patois), with eight original tracks (recorded in 2012), timed to celebrate his landmark 80th birthday this past June and arriving a mere 50 years after the release of his leader debut, *Reachin'* (Fantasy, 1976).

Fielding the inevitable question of what took so long for the debut follow-up, he cites, with good humor, a kind of "life happened" response: commercial/financial issues, and music business hurdles—and perhaps a move in 1973 away from the epicenter of New York to contentment in the San Francisco Bay Area. But Glenn was also just plain busy gigging, including as a sideman on over 40 albums. Jesse "Chuy" Varela, music/program director at Bay Area radio K-CSM Jazz 91, relates in his liner notes, an ongoing conversation with Glenn: "You have any new records coming out? And with his wide grin he would answer, 'I'm working on it.'" With that box now checked, Glenn says, "I knew it was the right time to make my own musical statement."

Those in-between-leader gigs were many and varied. Among his collaborations are years in Cal Tjader's Latin jazz group playing flute during the '70s and early '80s. That alliance was serendipitous. Walking down Market Street in San Francisco, he ran into Tjader, whom he knew and had previously played with. Tjader invited him to bring his flute to a recording session the next day. Glenn is featured on Tjader's GRAMMY-winning La Onda Va Bien (1979), and one year later his original "Roger's Samba" appeared on Tjader's Gozame! Pero Ya. His "Cal's Guajira", a tribute to Tjader found on the new My Latin Heart, pays homage to him as well as his former bandleader's centenary birthday earlier this year (Jul. 16).

But even before Tjader, Glenn was very busy, including with percussionist Mongo Santamaria, and before Mongo with pianist Mary Lou Williams. Fellow polymath David Amram played several concerts and recorded for Williams with Glenn in the late '60s. "That's when I first met and heard a young flute player who could really play the flute," recalls Amram. "He was among the gifted players chosen by Mary Lou." The project was Williams' Music For Peace on Williams' Mary Records imprint (later reissued on Smithsonian Folkways as part of Mary Lou's Mass). Amram, who played French horn, penny whistles, percussion and bansuri (a wooden Pakistani folk flute), still remembers how "original and spirited he was...he was a joy to play with." Glenn also performed with his father, legendary trombonist-vibraphonist Tyree Glenn (who famously worked with Cab Calloway, Duke Ellington and Louis Armstrong) in an all-star ensemble that included pianist Wynton Kelly and drummer Papa Jo Jones. In addition to spending several years with Cuban conga drummer maestro Santamaria, he worked with flute player Herbie Mann and trumpeters Donald Byrd and Dizzy Gillespie, among others. His first album as leader, the eight-track Reachin' (reissued in 2010), came about from his session work with producers Larry and Alphonso Mizell, who worked with artists including Byrd, Bobbi Humphrey and Johnny Hammond.

Germany-based brother Tyree Glenn, Jr. says of Roger, "My 'kid brother,' whom I love very dearly, is one of the most talented multi-musicians that I know, and I am proud to say that." The Glenn brothers were raised in near-NYC, Englewood, NJ. While Tyree senior might take the boys to an Ellington rehearsal, their mother, Gloria, passionate about Latin music, imbued that love in Roger. The brothers were literally surrounded by music. Tyree, Jr. reports: "There were always many musical instruments laying around the house and Roger and I would play different ones from time to time. Roger went on to master all of them." Yet, asked why he gravitated to the vibraphone, Roger jokes, "My father put one next to my crib; it was inevitable." Seriously he adds, "My father always told me to 'create your own sound." And thus Glenn regards himself not as a specialist but as a complete musician who can 'select the best instrument for each song I play."

In more recent years, he has worked with GRAMMY Award-winning jazz singer Kurt Elling; led an organ trio on the West Coast, opening for Steely Dan; and toured New Zealand and Australia with the

Count Basie Orchestra as a tribute to his father. Glenn also happens to be a music historian, and is particularly interested in the intersection of cultural traditions. He notes about the slave trade, for example: "The drum... forbidden in this country. Not so in Cuba, where the African rhythms were allowed to develop, and that migration led to a big change in American music." The Afro-Cuban and Afro-Brazilian rhythms on *My Latin Heart* include the number, "Congo Square", which explores the fusion of European and African rhythms. While on tour with Taj Mahal in recent years, he found himself in New Orleans' Congo Square: "thinking about how jazz could only have been created by both African and European cultures at that time and place in [American] music history."

As to future plans, Glenn is self-effacing, an attribute noted by his many peers, especially regarding self-promotion (he prefers to simply be active in his profusion of creative pursuits). For Tyree, Jr., there's a wish: "A few years ago, I arranged to have him come over to me here in Germany for a concert and he, as always, killed it! I hope we can do it again...so that 'The Glenns' will be united once more."

An important honor came last May when the Los Angeles Jazz Society named Roger Glenn its 32nd Annual Vibe Summit honoree. His artistry had long been summed up by the truly legendary Quincy Jones, who once declared: "I love your music and your 'tude'... big time props." Fellow-traveler Amram has observed Glenn's performances online in recent times: "It was a treat to hear and see him...he is playing better than ever." And with the wisdom accrued by this vital, soon to be 95-year-old, Amram concludes, "I just hope young players will hear and see him play and realize that this kind of music, which is built to last, is here to stay because musicians like Roger are LIFERS!"

For more info visit rogerglennjazz.com

Recommended Listening:

- Mongo Santamaria -
- Mongo at Montreux (Atlantic, 1971)
- Dizzy Gillespie Bahiana (Pablo, 1975)
- Roger Glenn Reachin' (Fantasy, 1976)
- Cal Tjader –
- Gozame! Pero Ya... (Concord Jazz Picante, 1980)
- Calvin Keys
 - Detours Into Unconscious Rhythms (Wide Hive, 2000)
- Roger Glenn My Latin Heart (Patois, 2012)

LEST WE FORGET



CHARLIE ROUSE UNSUNG HERO

BY MIKE SHANLEY

Of all the tenor saxophonists to play with Thelonious Monk, Charlie Rouse (1924-1988) stayed with the pianist the longest—from 1959 to 1970. In some ways, Rouse (who passed away 27 years ago this month) arguably never emerged from the role of Monk's long-term sideman. Appropriately, a compilation of his early work as leader on Epic was released by CBS Jazz in 1990 with the telling title *Unsung Hero*. Weeks before his Nov. 30, 1988 passing, the saxophonist performed in a Monk birthday show, released under Rouse's name as *Epistrophy–The Last Concert* (Landmark). He had also spent the better part of the '80s in Sphere, a group devoted to the Monk songbook. Yet, when Rouse and Monk parted ways, he

continued to produce new music. His son, drummer Charlie "Chico" Rouse, Jr., says his father "was a purist, but by the same token, his feel and his ears were open." For evidence (Monk pun intended), this year alone will see the re-release of two sessions where Rouse took risks, while an unearthed live performance captures the Monk Quartet at a creative highpoint.

Born and raised in Washington, D.C., at 20 he joined Billy Eckstine's Orchestra in a saxophone section that also included Charlie Parker. Stints followed with the Tadd Dameron Sextet in 1947 (with trumpeter Fats Navarro) and a landmark 1953 session with trumpeter Clifford Brown (both for Blue Note). Around the time he was co-leading the pioneering Jazz Modes (with French horn player Julius Watkins), Rouse received a phone call that would forever change his musical trajectory. Sonny Rollins did a few weeks with Monk at The Five Spot, and according to Rouse's son, Chico, "Rollins was not going to stay. Dad already knew Monk, from when they had met in D.C., in early 1958. So, Monk reached out and called dad. Ironically, Monk did not tell Sonny that he called, so when Sonny ran into my father in Greenwich Village, he said 'Hey Rouse, Monk is looking for you.'

So Rouse gave him a call back and Monk asked dad at that moment if he wanted to be in the band. Dad said 'Yeah!'"

Their subsequent time together coincided with Monk signing with Columbia Records and embarking on several European tours. *Bremen 1965* (which comes out next month on Sunnyside) comes from a second performance during a tour that took the pianist's quartet to Europe, Japan and Australia. With bassist Larry Gales and drummer Ben Riley firmly in place, Monk and Rouse blend solos and themes around each other in a version of "Criss Cross" that exemplifies the observations from the saxophonist's son about both players: "They were so in tune that Monk would play just a bar up front of one of the tunes, and the whole band would just drop right on tempo...They were breathing like that."

While playing with Monk, Rouse also recorded sessions under his own name. Epic released a split album with tenor saxophonist Seldon Powell with a telling title: We Paid Our Dues! 1963's Bossa Nova Bacchanal (Blue Note) hinted that Rouse's interests

(CONTINUED ON PAGE 33)

(LEST WE FORGET CONTINUED FROM PAGE 10)

extended beyond straight-forward bop. After leaving Monk, Rouse revealed his sense of adventure in the studio. *Two Is One*, his recently reissued 1974 Strata-East album, features Calo Scott's cello blending with smoky tenor amidst bluesy guitars (George Davis and Paul Metzke); elsewhere are featured percussionists Azzedin Weston and Airto Moreira. Most impressive is the album's title track, which includes a segment where bassist Stanley Clarke (in his early 20s at the time) holds down a 9/8 ostinato while drummer David Lee pivots in 6/8 and Rouse and Scott play in 3/4.

Rouse then assembled an even more ambitious outing—a bossa nova big band featuring the playing and arrangements of Brazilian pianist Dom Salvador and guitarist Amaury Tristão. The album also includes trumpeter Claudio Roditi and drummer Portinho. However, when it was released as *Cinnamon Flower* in 1977 on Douglas, the producer Alan Douglas had given it a slick sheen by overdubbing extra drums, strings and keyboards. George Klabin (now president of Resonance) recorded the original session and remembers its release. "I was very disappointed when the record came out," he says. "You have this really lovely, cohesive, well-put-together music. You have solos that are really good. You have music that's really meaningful. And then he (Douglas) comes in and makes it commercial."

When Klabin discovered he had the only copy of the original session mixes, his Resonance label released it side-by-side with the original Douglas mixes, plus added an unreleased track. Chico also likes the package: "I know Dad is smiling, man. He's beside himself, somewhere," he says, breaking into a hearty laugh. Throughout these diverse recordings, one thing stands out: Charlie Rouse doesn't dominate the music. He shares space with Roditi, Calo Scott and Salvador to such an extent that it might be hard to tell who is leading. "He was a very good collective player," Rouse's son affirms. "He had a way of maintaining his own identity but (he could) get in the soup and complete whatever the ingredients are in there. That's a heck of a thing, to be able to balance that."

For more info visit therouselegacygroup.com

Recommended Listening:

- Tadd Dameron Sextet Featuring the Fabulous Fats Navarro (Blue Note, 1947)
- Charlie Rouse Quintet Takin' Care of Business (Jazzland, 1960)
- Thelonious Monk –
- Straight, No Chaser (Columbia, 1966-67)
- Charlie Rouse Two Is One (Strata-East, 1974)
- Sphere Four In One (Elektra Musician, 1982)
- Charlie Rouse –

Epistrophy: The Last Concert (Landmark, 1988)

(WHITE PLAINS CONTINUED FROM PAGE 12)

Rosenthal took some of the load off the hard-working leader.

Among JazzFest offerings free to all comers were sets from flute player Sherry Winston at the Farmer's Market, a so-so showcase for such a renowned talent; young France-born, Montreal-based vocalist Laura Anglade at the public library; cabaret vocalist Juliet Ewing (from close-by Croton-on-Hudson) at downtown restaurant Shiraz Kitchen & Wine Bar; and Colombian pianist-composer Pablo Mayor's trio around the corner at Chazz Palminteri Italian Restaurant. Mayor's set was a revelation. The artistic director of NYC's Folklore Urbano Orchestra, Mayor soon had a noisy, crowded eatery in rapt attention as he presented groove-laden originals including "Benito Viento" and "Chande en 5", his melodic electric piano runs ably supported by bassist Ray Martínez (a longtime foil for Mongo Santamaría)

and drummer Franco Pinna, whose exquisite percolating polyrhythmic playing was a wonder to behold. The bandleader's pan-American scope of sounds fused into the jazz idiom was another festival highlight. Other free shows included the remarkable, seemingly ageless pianist Bertha Hope (she turns 89 this month) leading a trio with special guest Joe Boykin, a silky-smooth baritone vocalist from nearby Greenburgh, NY, and the Music Conservatory of Westchester Jazz Faculty Ensemble with Mark Kraszewski (tenor), Dinah Vero-Chesimar (piano) and featuring Jaana Narsipur (vocals); their take on "Until You Come Back to Me (That's What I'm Going to Do)" was superb.

A compelling and entertaining intersection of community voices and improvisers, the annual JazzFest performance by the Jazz & Poetry Choir Collective featured the declamatory talents of E.J. Antonio, Andrea Wolper, City of Yonkers Poet Laureate Golda Solomon and Westchester Poet Laureate Phylisha Phylli Villanueva, backed by a band of stalwart collaborators that included Jason Kao Hwang (violin), Michael TA Thompson (drums), nonagenarian Warren Smith (percussion) and musical director Christopher Dean Sullivan (bass) with special guest, woodwinds specialist JD Parran. This frisky presentation, held in the evening at the ArtsWestchester headquarters (a converted bank building) touched on "the man in that mirror that plays bass" and how "I miss the old jazz clubs" before Wolper concluded with a charming rendition of "You Are My Sunshine" in tribute to the 1962 George Russell recording, The Outer View, on which the singer was Sheila Jordan (who had passed away in August). Parran's flute beautifully filled the solo spaces. For the nominal \$10 admission, this show was a full plate of stirring words and sounds.

The festival's other ticketed performances took place at the ArtsWestchester HQ as well, including appearances by headliners Kurt Elling and Kenny Barron, who played two sets on Friday and Saturday nights, respectively, and a Saturday afternoon set by alto saxophonist **Immanuel Wilkins**' quartet. For the area jazz fans, these shows were the festival's pièces de resistance, a welcome opportunity to experience star power at close range. Elling, taking a night off from his current stint in Hadestown on Broadway, was paired with pianist Joey Calderazzo as part of the vocalist's ongoing Wildflowers project, exhibiting total command and winning charm. The duo replicated several tunes in each set, but their improvisatory gifts are so immense—and winning—that the different takes on Thelonious Monk's "In Walked Bud", "It's Only a Paper Moon" and the overlooked Weather Report gem "Current Affairs" offered insights into the hatching of creative impulses between two in-sync artists. The next day, Wilkins touched on compositions from his three albums, his powerful, Charlie Parker-like lines swirling and circling around melodies atop a churning rhythm section that featured pianist Marta Sanchez. In the evening, Barron, now 82, led a trio with longtime bassist Kiyoshi Kitagawa and drummer E.I. Strickland, which settled into the highest echelon of jazz mastery imaginable and stayed there all night long. Moving between originals, standards and varied covers (Caetano Veloso, Charlie Haden, Eddie Heywood), Barron made clear that exciting and wholly engaging jazz pianism can exist in the pocket.

JazzFest concluded with an all-day outdoor gathering open to the public and held right in the middle of Mamaroneck Ave., the main thoroughfare of White Plains. The weather had been just beautiful throughout, a climate-change endless summer as it were, that taking in the music in such ideal conditions seemed too good to be true. Pianist **Pete Malinverni**, a stalwart of the Purchase College jazz program, led his Invisible Cities Quintet, which afforded ample soloing to trumpeter Bruce Harris and tenor saxophonist Grant Stewart. Latin percussionist and bandleader, Chembo Corniel, pushed the music into such a delightful high gear that some attendees began to dance in front of the stage.

As the sun set, the proceedings were capped by trombonist **Steve Turre** fronting an all-star band that included Ron Blake (tenor), Wallace Roney, Jr. (trumpet), young phenom Isaiah J. Thompson (piano), Gerald Cannon (bass) and the leader's son Orion Turre (drums). The trombonist's composition "Don D." (from his 2022 album *Generations*), an homage to Skatalites trombonist-composer Don Drummond, occasioned great solos from all the horn players and the leader on his exotic conch shells, which made a special stretch of days (and nights) in White Plains all the more memorable.

For more info visit artswestchester.org/programs/jazzfest-whiteplains



